

TABLE 5-2**Boolean Laws and Rules for the Reduction of Combinational Logic Circuits****Laws**

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|---|--|
| 1 | $A + B = B + A$ $AB = BA$ |
| 2 | $A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C$ $A(BC) = (AB)C$ |
| 3 | $A(B + C) = AB + AC$ $(A + B)(C + D) = AC + AD + BC + BD$ |

Rules

| | |
|--------|------------------------------|
| 1 | $A \cdot 0 = 0$ |
| 2 | $A \cdot 1 = A$ |
| 3 | $A + 0 = A$ |
| 4 | $A + 1 = 1$ |
| 5 | $A \cdot A = A$ |
| 6 | $A + A = A$ |
| 7 | $A \cdot \bar{A} = 0$ |
| 8 | $A + \bar{A} = 1$ |
| 9 | $\overline{\bar{A}} = A$ |
| 10 (a) | $A + \bar{A}B = A + B$ |
| (b) | $\bar{A} + AB = \bar{A} + B$ |

De Morgan's theorem :

$$\overline{A \cdot B} = \bar{A} + \bar{B}$$

$$\overline{A + B} = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B}$$